

A Correlation of  
**iLit 20**  
©2017



To

**Arizona's**  
**English Language Arts Standards**  
**Grade 10**

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

**Introduction**

This document demonstrates how **Savvas iLit 20 ©2017** meets the objectives of Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016). Correlation references are to the Student AP and Teacher App and are cited by unit, lesson number and feature title.

*Savvas iLit* is a comprehensive literacy solution designed to produce two or more years of reading growth in a single year. **iLit** is based on a proven instructional model that has produced successful results for students in districts across the country for more than a decade. **iLit** has been carefully crafted to meet the rigors of the State Standards and prepare students for success on the new assessments. Individual, small group, and whole-class instruction is personalized based on a constant stream of data from a wide range of embedded assessments, including text-based performance tasks.

**iLit** engages students like no other reading program through its vast e-library of high-interest texts, instant coaching and feedback for scaffolded support, engaging activities, and built-in reward systems that motivate students and track their progress.

Copyright © 2020 Savvas Learning Company LLC All Rights Reserved.  
**Savvas™** and **Savvas Learning Company™** are the exclusive trademarks of Savvas Learning Company LLC in the US and in other countries.

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

**Table of Contents**

**Reading Standards for Literature.....4**

**Reading Standards for Informational Text..... 11**

**Writing Standards ..... 18**

**Speaking and Listening Standards ..... 25**

**Language Standards ..... 30**

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<b>2016 Arizona English Language Arts Standards</b>	
<b>Reading Standards for Literature</b>	
<b>Key Ideas and Details</b>	
<p>9-10.RL.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.</p>	<p><b>SA:</b> The Student Notebook is a powerful tool to highlight and remember key points of a text. Students can use their digital Notebook to create Class Notes highlighting details of a text. In addition, the highlight feature helps students to remember specific evidence.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> Students have opportunities to examine the iLit library texts while completing the Library Response Prompts.</p> <p><u>Library Response Prompt (examples)</u>            Prompt 3: Describe in Detail a Place Mentioned in Your Reading Today.            Prompt 4: Choose and Describe a Sensory Detail            Prompt 9: What Is the Most Important Statement or Idea You Read Today?            Prompt 14: Choose an Event from Your Reading and Identify a Cause and Effect.            Prompt 21: What Is the Most Memorable or Unforgettable Detail or Event You Read About Today?</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<p>9-10.RL.2 Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.</p>	<p><b>SA:</b> The Student Notebook is a powerful tool to highlight and remember key points of a text. The notebook includes blank graphic organizers to help readers comprehend the text. Students can use their digital Notebook to create Class Notes highlighting the theme and details of a text.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> Students have opportunities to examine the iLit library texts while completing the Library Response Prompts. One prompt exists for each week. The prompts are an important tool to monitor student comprehension. For examples see:</p> <p><u>Library Response Prompt (examples)</u>            Prompt 9: What Is the Most Important Statement or Idea You Read Today?            Prompt 22: Summarize the Main Idea and Include Three Details.            Prompt 27: Explore the Author’s Purpose</p>
<p>9-10.RL.3 Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> <u>Library Response Prompt (examples)</u>            Prompt 2: Suppose You Made a Drawing or Painting of a Character, Setting, or Event. What Would You Show in Your Drawing or Painting?            Prompt 8: Identify the Most Interesting Character            Prompt 20: Which Individual or Character Made the Strongest Impression on You?            Prompt 24: Make an Inference about a Character, Event, or Idea You Read About Today?            Prompt 26: Choose a Character or Event. Compare and Contrast that Character or Event with Your Life.            Prompt 29: Which Individual or Character Made the Strongest Impression on You?</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<b>Craft and Structure</b>	
<p>9-10.RL.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.</p>	<p><b>SA:</b> The Student Notebook includes tab for a student generated Word Bank.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> <i>iLit 20</i> also offers Word Study instruction for students who need it. Vocabulary lessons are offered during all 30 weeks of the iLit 20 program. Word Study Practice and Word Study Readers reinforce decoding and fluency skills, and help build a foundation for effective reading comprehension.</p> <p><u>Library Response Prompt (examples)</u>            Prompt 4: Choose and Describe a Sensory Detail            Prompt 9: What Is the Most Important Statement or Idea You Read Today?            Prompt 15: What Emotion Did You Feel When Reading?            Prompt 16: Choose and Describe a Sensory Detail            Prompt 25: Choose Three Words that Describe the Book You are Reading.</p> <p><u>Smart Search: Vocabulary (examples)</u>            Acquire Vocabulary; Context Clues; Synonyms; Antonyms; Shades of Meaning; Multiple-Meaning Words; Analogies; Related Words</p> <p><u>Word Study Practice (examples)</u>            Week 5: Collocations; Suffixes            Week 10: Compound Words; Abbreviations; Structure for Parts of Speech</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<p>9-10.RL.5 Analyze how an author’s choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it, and manipulate time create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise.</p>	<p><b>SA:</b> Students have at their fingertips over 3000 titles in the iLit 20 Library. These texts include poetry, drama, and fiction. Students can use their digital Notebook to create Class Notes highlighting the overall structure of a text.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> Students have opportunities to examine the iLit library texts while completing the Library Response Prompts. One prompt exists for each week. The prompts are an important tool to monitor student comprehension. For examples see:</p> <p><u>Library Response Prompt (examples)</u>            Prompt 10: What Character, Event, or Idea Did You Find Most Confusing or Difficult to Understand?            Prompt 14: Choose an Event from Your Reading and Identify a Cause and Effect.            Prompt 21: What Is the Most Memorable or Unforgettable detail or Event You Read About Today?            Prompt 24: Make an Inference about a Character, Event, or Idea You Read About Today?</p> <p><u>iLit Library (examples)</u>            Dutiful (poetry)            How Do I Love Thee?/On Love (poetry)            Famous (Poetry)            A Midsummer’s Night Dream (drama)            Prometheus and the Gift of Fire (drama)            Pygmalion (drama)</p>
<p>9-10.RL.6 Analyze how points of view and/or cultural experiences are reflected in works of literature, drawing from a variety of literary texts.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> <u>Library Response Prompt (examples)</u>            Prompt 24: Make an Inference about a Character, Event, or Idea You Read About Today?            Prompt 26: Choose a Character or Event. Compare and Contrast that Character or Event with Your Life.            Prompt 29: Which Individual or Character Made the Strongest Impression on You?</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<b>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>	
<p>9-10.RL.7 Analyze the representation of a subject or a key scene in two different artistic mediums, including what is emphasized or absent in each treatment.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> Students have opportunities to examine the iLit library texts while completing the Library Response Prompts.</p> <p><u>Library Response Prompt (examples)</u>            Prompt 2: Suppose You Made a Drawing or Painting of a Character, Setting, or Event. What Would You Show in Your Drawing or Painting?            Prompt 12: If You Were to Choose an Actor to Play a Character in Your Book, Which Actor Would You Choose? Explain.</p> <p><u>iLit Library (examples)</u>            Romeo and Juliet (drama)            Antigone (drama)            The Importance of Being Ernest (drama)            What a Vacation (drama)            Hamlet (drama)            Julius Caesar (drama)</p>



**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
9-10.RL.8 (Not applicable to literature)	Not applicable according to Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards
9-10.RL.9 Analyze how an author draws on and transforms source material in a specific work.	<p><b>TA:</b> Students have opportunities to examine the iLit library texts while completing the Library Response Prompts. One prompt exists for each week. The prompts are an important tool to monitor student comprehension. For examples see:</p> <p><u>Library Response Prompt (examples)</u>            Prompt 7: Choose Two Characters: Compare and Contrast Their Personalities with Details            Prompt 17: What Background Knowledge or Experience Helped You Understand the Text You Read Today?            Prompt 28: Should the Author Write a Series with the Same Characters?</p> <p><u>iLit Library (examples)</u>            Dutiful (poetry)            How Do I Love Thee?/On Love (poetry)            Famous (Poetry)            A Midsummer’s Night Dream (drama)            Prometheus and the Gift of Fire (drama)            Pygmalion (drama)            Hamlet (drama)</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<b>Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity</b>	
<p>9-10.RL.10 By the end of the year, proficiently and independently read and comprehend literature, including stories, drama, and poetry, in a text complexity range determined by qualitative and quantitative measures appropriate to grades 10.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> An essential component of <i>iLit 20</i> instruction is independent reading time. Students choose from a digital, leveled library of over 3,000 high-interest fiction and nonfiction texts. Weekly Library Response prompts give students a chance to write about what they are reading. They also provide an opportunity for teachers to monitor student progress. Once students have finished reading, they can submit reviews of each text as well as access reviews and recommendations submitted by other <i>iLit</i> students.</p> <p><u>iLit Library (examples)</u>            Oliver Twist            A Midsummer Night’s Dream            Little Women            Welcome to Skull Canyon            The Adventures of Tom Sawyer            David Copperfield            The Jungle Book            Mr. Small            Snowflake: A Sled Dog</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<b>Reading Standards for Informational Text</b>	
<b>Key Ideas and Details</b>	
<p>9-10.RI.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.</p>	<p><b>SA:</b> Students can use the Notebook to keep track of their independent reading. Students cite textual evidence while creating summaries of informational text.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> <u>Interactive Readers: Ask Questions and Check Your Understanding (examples)</u>            Week 4: Buy Me This, Buy Me That; City Spam; Getting the News            Week 16: From Mild to Wild: A Cat Story; After the Storm: Galveston Rebuilds</p> <p><u>Interactive Readers: Make Inferences (examples)</u>            Week 6: They Never Gave Up; All Together Now            Week 8: Taking the Stage            Week 13: Outside Independence Hall            Week 21: Human and Dogs</p> <p><u>Interactive Readers: Recognize and Make Generalizations (examples)</u>            Week 18: Handwriting on the Wall; Frida Kahlo            Week 27: Coyotes on the Go</p> <p>In addition, students are asked to create a summary on the last page of all Interactive Readers.</p> <p>Library Response Prompt: Students are encouraged to use the Library Response Prompt to create summaries or identify main ideas in their daily reading.</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<p>9-10.RI.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.</p>	<p><b>SA:</b> Students can use the Notebook to keep track of their independent reading. These notes can include the main idea and summaries of informational text.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> <u>Interactive Readers: Identify Main Idea and Supporting Details (examples)</u>            Week 21: Separate Justice            Week 23: The Real Story on Kids and Reading            Week 25: Sowing the Seeds of Friendship</p> <p><u>Interactive Readers: Summarize (examples)</u>            Week 18: Traditional Native American Homes; Taking Sides on Time; Bill Gate: Computer Pioneer            Week 28: Growing an Urban Garden; Wolf Families; More Than Words</p> <p>In addition, students are asked to create a summary on the last page of all Interactive Readers.</p> <p>Library Response Prompt: Students are encouraged to use the Library Response Prompt to create summaries or identify main ideas in their daily reading.</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
<p>9-10.RI.3 Analyze how the author constructs an analysis or series of ideas or events, including the order in which the points are made, how they are introduced and developed, and the connections that are drawn between them.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> <u>Interactive Readers: Cause and Effect (examples)</u>            Week 6: The Street Soccer Effect; Succeeding in School            Week 8: The Word on Bullying; The Witness Dilemma            Week 11: Kids Saving the Rain Forest            Week 23: Growing Up with a Twin; Riding Waves; Wonders of the Plant World</p> <p><u>Interactive Readers: Identify Main Idea and Supporting Details (examples)</u>            Week 21: Separate Justice            Week 23: The Real Story on Kids and Reading            Week 25: Sowing the Seeds of Friendship            Week 27: New Language, New Friends; Invented by Love</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<b>Craft and Structure</b>	
<p>9-10.RI.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone.</p>	<p><b>SA:</b> The Student Notebook includes tab for a student generated Word Bank.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> <i>iLit 20</i> also offers Word Study instruction for students who need it. Vocabulary lessons are offered during all 30 weeks of the iLit 20 program. Word Study Practice and Word Study Readers reinforce decoding and fluency skills, and help build a foundation for effective reading comprehension.</p> <p><u>Smart Search: Vocabulary (examples)</u> Acquire Vocabulary; Context Clues; Synonyms; Antonyms; Shades of Meaning; Multiple-Meaning Words; Analogies; Related Words</p> <p><u>Word Study Readers (examples)</u> Week 6: Mapping Our World; Mystery Writing; Murals Week 9: Murals; National Symbols; Ancient Rome; The Human Nervous System</p> <p><u>Word Study Practice (examples)</u> Week 1: Word Families; Synonyms Week 2: Multiple-Meaning Words; Homographs</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
<p>9-10.RI.5 Analyze in detail how an author’s ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter).</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> <u>Interactive Readers: Text Structure: Cause and Effect (examples)</u>            Week 8: The Word on Bullying; The Witness Dilemma            Week 11: Kids Saving the Rain Forest            Week 23: Growing Up with a Twin; Riding Waves; Wonders of the Plant World</p> <p><u>Interactive Readers: Text Structure: Compare and Contrast (examples)</u>            Week 1: The Great Pacific Garbage Patch; Pablo Morales, Champion at Work            Week 6: Young Athletes of the World Unite            Week 16: On Patrol; Wilderness Learning; Champion of the Rocks</p> <p><u>iLit Library (examples)</u>            Empowering a Community            The Future is Now            We Need Insects</p>
<p>9-10.RI.6 Determine an author’s point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> <u>Interactive Readers: Identify Author’s Viewpoint (examples)</u>            Week 30: Energy All Around Us; Entertainment Families; Leaping Into the Fire</p> <p><u>Interactive Readers: Identify Author’s Purpose (examples)</u>            Week 1: Major League Baseball            Week 4: The Nature Connection            Week 10: Protesting Protests; Development Debate            Week 11: Video Games: The Good and the Bad; Too Much Media?            Week 20: When Disaster Strikes; Pharaohs and Parking Lots</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<b>Integration of Knowledge and Ideas</b>	
<p>9-10.RI.7 Analyze various accounts of a subject told in different mediums (e.g., a person’s life story in both print and multimedia), determining which details are emphasized in each account.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> Interactive Reader assignments provide an opportunity for students to independently apply grade-level literacy skills to an accessible text.</p> <p>The Interactive Reader includes Reading Checkpoints to assess comprehension. These checkpoints require students to apply close reading strategies as they answer text-dependent questions. Automatic, adaptive feedback is provided if students are off track. Reading Checkpoints also introduce students to the types of questions they’ll encounter on next-generation assessments.</p> <p>Weekly Library Response prompts give students a chance to write about what they are reading. They also provide an opportunity for teachers to monitor student progress.</p> <p><u>Interactive Readers (examples)</u>            Week 8: The King of Football            Week 15: James Cook: Leading the World in Exploration; The Power of Music, Color, and Images            Week 21: Unlikely Allies; Crisis Negotiation</p> <p><u>iLit Library (examples)</u>            The Gettysburg Address (speech)            Women’s Press Club (speech)            Inaugural Presidential Address, Official Transcript by Barack Obama (speech)            Out of Many (speech)</p>



**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<p>9-10.RI.8 Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is valid and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; identify false statements and fallacious reasoning.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> <u>Interactive Readers: Identify Author’s Viewpoint (examples)</u>            Week 30: Energy All Around Us; Entertainment Families; Leaping Into the Fire</p> <p><u>Interactive Readers: Identify Author’s Purpose (examples)</u>            Week 1: Major League Baseball            Week 4: The Nature Connection            Week 10: Protesting Protests; Development Debate            Week 11: Video Games: The Good and the Bad; Too Much Media?            Week 20: When Disaster Strikes; Pharaohs and Parking Lots</p> <p>In addition, the Check Your Understanding questions for each Interactive Reader allows students to analyze particular points of the text.</p> <p>iLit Library: Students examine a variety of texts including speeches. For examples see: The Gettysburg Address; Aung San Suu Kyl: Freedom Fighter; Out of Many by Barack Obama</p>
<p>9-10.RI.9 Analyze seminal/primary documents of historical and literary significance, including how they address related themes and concepts.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> The iLit Library includes over 3000 titles of fiction and informational text. Each level of iLit 20 includes over 200 Interactive Readers covering a variety of high-interest material for students living in the digital age. For examples of texts covering the same subject see:</p> <p><u>iLit Library</u>            Andrew Jackson’s First Inaugural Address            Andrew Jackson’s Second Inaugural Address            Franklin D. Roosevelt, First Inaugural Address            George H. W. Bush, Inaugural Address            Inaugural Presidential Address, Official Transcript by Barack Obama            The Gettysburg Address            Abraham Lincoln’s Second Inaugural Address</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<b>Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity</b>	
9-10.RI.10 By the end of the year, proficiently and independently read and comprehend informational texts and nonfiction in a text complexity range determined by qualitative and quantitative measures appropriate to grade 10.	<p><b>TA:</b> An essential component of <i>iLit 20</i> instruction is independent reading time. Students choose from a digital, leveled library of over 3,000 high-interest fiction and nonfiction texts. Weekly Library Response prompts give students a chance to write about what they are reading. They also provide an opportunity for teachers to monitor student progress. Once students have finished reading, they can submit reviews of each text as well as access reviews and recommendations submitted by other <i>iLit</i> students.</p> <p><u>iLit Library (examples)</u>            Occupy Wallstreet            Human Impact!            Out of Many            Global Warming            Go Organic</p>
<b>Writing Standards</b>	
<b>Text Types and Purposes</b>	
9-10.W.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.	<b>TA:</b> Smart Search: Writing: Argumentative Writing: Argumentative Essays A, B, C
a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.	<b>TA:</b> Smart Search: Writing: Argumentative Writing: Argumentative Essays A, B, C: Prewriting & Drafting: Introduction
b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience’s knowledge level and concerns.	<b>TA:</b> Smart Search: Writing: Argumentative Writing: Prewriting & Drafting: Introduction & Body

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.	<b>TA:</b> Smart Search: Writing: Argumentative Writing: Argumentative Essays A, B, C: Drafting: Introduction, Body, and Conclusion; Revising
d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.	<b>TA:</b> Smart Search: Writing: Argumentative Writing: Argumentative Essays A, B, C: Drafting: Introduction, Body, and Conclusion; Revising  Grammar: Sentence Structure  Vocabulary: Acquire Vocabulary
e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.	<b>TA:</b> Smart Search: Writing: Argumentative Writing: Argumentative Essays A, B, C: Drafting: Conclusion
9-10.W.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.	<b>TA:</b> Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C  In addition, students write a response at the conclusion of each Interactive Reader. For examples see:  <u>Write a Summary (examples)</u> Week 8: Youthville Detroit Week 18: The Race into Space Week 23: Growing Up with a Twin
a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.	<b>TA:</b> Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C; Prewriting; Body: Introduction
b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience’s knowledge of the topic.	<b>TA:</b> Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C: Prewriting & Drafting: Introduction & Body

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.	<b>TA:</b> Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C: Prewriting & Drafting: Introduction, Body, & Conclusion
d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic.	<b>TA:</b> Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, C: Revising: Specific Details; Explanatory Essay B, C: Drafting: Body: Specific Words
e. Establish and maintain a formal style and an appropriate tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.	<b>TA:</b> Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C  In addition, students write a response at the conclusion of each Interactive Reader. For examples see:  <u>Interactive Readers: Write a Summary (examples)</u> Week 2: The Big Money Week 6: The Insanity Defense Week 18: Frida Kahlo Week 27: New Language, New Friends
f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).	<b>TA:</b> Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C: Drafting: Conclusion
9-10.W.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.	<b>TA:</b> Narrative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C
a. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.	<b>TA:</b> Narrative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C: Prewriting; Drafting: Introduction

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.	<b>TA:</b> Narrative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C: Prewriting; Drafting: Introduction, Body, Conclusion; Revising
c. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.	<b>TA:</b> Narrative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C: Prewriting; Drafting: Introduction, Body, & Conclusion
d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.	<b>TA:</b> Narrative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C: Drafting: Introduction, Body, and Conclusion; Revising  Grammar: Sentence Structure; Types of Sentences
e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.	<b>TA:</b> Narrative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C: Drafting: Conclusion
<b>Production and Distribution of Writing</b>	
9-10.W.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)	<b>SA:</b> The Student Notebook composed of the Journal, Word Bank, Class Notes, and My Word provides opportunities for student composition. <b>TA:</b> Narrative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C  Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C  Argumentative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Argumentative Essay A, B, C  In addition, students write a response at the conclusion of each Interactive Reader. The Library Response Prompts provide over 30 examples of instruction, prompts, and feedback opportunities to use with independent or teacher-directed readings.

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
<p>9-10.W.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1–3 up to and including grades 9–10.)</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> See Prewriting; Drafting: Introduction, Body, Conclusion; Revising; Editing; and Publishing for each activity.</p> <p>Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C Smart Search: Writing: Argumentative Writing: Argumentative Essay A, B, C</p>
<p>9-10.W.6 Use technology, including the internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> Narrative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C</p> <p>Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C</p> <p>Argumentative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Argumentative Essay A, B, C</p> <p>Library Response Prompt 2: Picture You Share on Social Networking Site</p> <p>In addition, students write a response at the conclusion of each Interactive Reader. The Library Response Prompts provide over 30 examples of instruction, prompts, and feedback opportunities to use with independent or teacher-directed readings.</p>
<b>Research to Build and Present Knowledge</b>	
<p>9-10.W.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> Teachers can encourage students to conduct research in the iLit Library, Interactive Readers, and Word Readers to complete the Explanatory/ Informative Writing activities.</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
9-10.W.8 Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.	<p><b>TA:</b> The iLit Library includes over 3000 fiction and informational texts that can be used for research. The program includes over 300 Interactive Readers and over 100 Word Readers for each Level that includes valuable information for students to use in research activities.</p>
9-10.W.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	<p><b>SA:</b> The Student Notebook composed of the Journal, Word Bank, Class Notes, and My Word provides opportunities for student composition.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> <u>Interactive Readers: Write a Summary (examples)</u>            Week 10: Ancient Sports History            Week 18: Traditional Native American Homes            Week 25: Apps for Health</p> <p>The Library Response Prompts provide over 30 examples of instruction, prompts, and feedback opportunities to use with independent or teacher-directed readings. For examples see:</p> <p><u>Library Response Prompts (examples)</u>            Prompt 1: Why Did You Choose the Book You Read Today?            Prompt 22: Summarize the Main Idea and Include Three Details.            Prompt 23: If You Could Interview One Person or Character, Which Person or Character Would You Choose? Explain.            Prompt 30: If You Could Change Part of the Book You Are Reading, What Would You Change? Explain.</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
a. Apply grades 9-10 Reading standards to literature.	<p><b>SA:</b> The Student Notebook composed of the Journal, Word Bank, Class Notes, and My Word provides opportunities for student composition.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> The Library Response Prompts provide over 30 examples of instruction, prompts, and feedback opportunities to use with independent or teacher-directed readings. For examples see:</p> <p><u>Library Response Prompts (examples)</u>            Prompt 1: Why Did You Choose the Book You Read Today?            Prompt 22: Summarize the Main Idea and Include Three Details.            Prompt 23: If You Could Interview One Person or Character, Which Person or Character Would You Choose? Explain.            Prompt 30: If You Could Change Part of the Book You Are Reading, What Would You Change? Explain.</p>
b. Apply grades 9-10 Reading standards to informational and nonfiction text.	<p><b>SA:</b> The Student Notebook composed of the Journal, Word Bank, Class Notes, and My Word provides opportunities for student composition.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> <u>Interactive Readers: Write a Summary (examples)</u>            Week 2: Awesome Ants            Week 8: Taking the Stage            Week 10: Ancient Sports History            Week 18: Traditional Native American Homes            Week 25: Apps for Health</p>



**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<b>Range of Writing</b>	
<p>9-10.W.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.</p>	<p><b>SA:</b> The Student Notebook composed of the Journal, Word Bank, Class Notes, and My Word provides opportunities for student composition.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> Narrative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C</p> <p>Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C</p> <p>Argumentative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Argumentative Essay A, B, C</p> <p>In addition, students write a response at the conclusion of each Interactive Reader. The Library Response Prompts provide over 30 examples of instruction, prompts, and feedback opportunities to use with independent or teacher-directed readings.</p>
<b>Speaking and Listening Standards</b>	
<b>Comprehension and Collaboration</b>	
<p>9-10.SL.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on- one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.</p>	<p><b>SA:</b> Students can use the Journal and Class Notes of their Notebooks as starting points for discussions with students who read the same books from the iLit Library of over 3000 titles of high interest fiction and informational texts.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> At any point in the program, teachers can encourage students to discuss their reading selections with other class members. If a teacher assigns a class reading, active discussions can examine characterization, setting, plot, main idea, and author’s purpose.</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
a. Come to discussions prepared having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.	<b>SA:</b> Students can use the Journal and Class Notes of their Notebooks as starting points for discussions with students who read the same books from the iLit Library of over 3000 titles of high interest fiction and informational texts. <b>TA:</b> At any point in the program, teachers can encourage students to discuss their reading selections with other class members.
b. Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus, taking votes on key issues, and presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed.	<b>SA:</b> Students can use the Journal and Class Notes of their Notebooks as starting points for discussions with students who read the same books from the iLit Library of over 3000 titles of high interest fiction and informational texts. <b>TA:</b> At any point in the program, teachers can encourage students to discuss their reading selections with other class members. If a teacher assigns a class reading, active discussions can examine characterization, setting, plot, main idea, and author’s purpose.
c. Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.	<b>SA:</b> Students can use the Journal and Class Notes of their Notebooks as starting points for discussions with students who read the same books from the iLit Library of over 3000 titles of high interest fiction and informational texts. <b>TA:</b> At any point in the program, teachers can encourage students to discuss their reading selections with other class members.
d. Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections based on the evidence and reasoning presented.	<b>SA:</b> Students can use the Journal and Class Notes of their Notebooks as starting points for discussions with students who read the same books from the iLit Library of over 3000 titles of high interest fiction and informational texts. <b>TA:</b> At any point in the program, teachers can encourage students to discuss their reading selections with other class members. If a teacher assigns a class reading, active discussions can examine characterization, setting, plot, main idea, and author’s purpose.

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<p>9-10.SL.2 Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse media and formats, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> Each Interactive Reader includes an arrow in the top right corner of the screen that begins a recording of the text. At the conclusion of each Interactive Reader, students create a summary of the written text read aloud. For examples see:</p> <p><u>Interactive Readers (examples)</u>            Week 1: Pablo Morales, Champion at Work            Week 6: All Together Now            Week 27: Coyotes on the Go; Invented by Love</p> <p>In addition, the Word Study Reader and Word Reader includes recorded lessons. For examples see:</p> <p><u>Word Study Practice (examples)</u>            Week 1: Regular Plurals; Irregular Plurals; Related Words            Week 26: Synonyms; Influence of Arabic on English</p> <p><u>Word Reader (examples)</u>            Week 11: Sound for the Letters <i>wh</i>            Week 27: The Sound Spelled by the Letters <i>oo</i> in moon</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
<p>9-10.SL.3 Evaluate a speaker’s point of view, reasoning, use of evidence, and use of rhetoric, identifying any fallacious reasoning or exaggerated or distorted evidence.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> Each Interactive Reader includes an arrow in the top right corner of the screen that begins a recording of the text. At the conclusion of each Interactive Reader, students create a summary of the written text read aloud. For examples see:</p> <p><u>Interactive Readers (examples)</u>            Week 8: The Power of Perseverance; The Word on Bullying            Week 25: Sowing the Seeds of Friendship; Taking Care of Siblings            Week 28: Mary Seacole: Her Little-Known Story; Social Media: Law Enforcement’s New Friend</p> <p>In addition, see <u>Interactive Readers: Identify Author’s Viewpoint (examples)</u>            Week 30: Energy All Around Us; Leaping Into the Fire; Entertainment Families</p>
<b>Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas</b>	
<p>9-10.SL.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> Students have opportunities to share their writing assignments with the class. See the Publishing section for Smart Search:</p> <p>Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C</p> <p>In additions students can share their Independent Reading summaries and completed Library Response activities.</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<p>9-10.SL.5 Make strategic use of digital media in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> Teachers can encourage students to include multimedia components and visual material as they publish their writing pieces.</p> <p>Narrative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C</p> <p>Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C</p> <p>Argumentative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Argumentative Essay A, B, C</p>
<p>9-10.SL.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grades 9–10 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> Students have opportunities to share their writing assignments with the class. See the Publishing section for Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Writing; Explanatory/ Informative Writing; Argumentative Writing.</p> <p>At any point in the program, teachers can encourage students to discuss their reading selections with other class members. If a teacher assigns a class reading, active discussions can examine characterization, setting, plot, main idea, and author’s purpose.</p> <p>The iLit Library includes several dramas that can be read aloud or performed by students. For examples see:</p> <p><u><a href="#">iLit Library Dramas (examples)</a></u>  Hamlet  Romeo and Juliet  Julius Caesar  Antigone  Macbeth  A Doll’s House  Prometheus and the Gift of Fire</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<b>Language Standards</b>	
<b>Conventions of Standard English</b>	
<p>9-10.L.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> Students have opportunities to share their writing assignments with the class. See the Publishing section for Smart Search: Writing: Narrative Writing; Explanatory/ Informative Writing; Argumentative Writing; Writing Opinion Pieces.</p> <p>The Word Study Readers provide short high-interest reading passages. At the conclusion of each selection, the program records students reading aloud part of the text. Teachers can interpret this material to build fluency lessons.</p> <p>In addition, over the course of 30 weeks, the teacher application includes Spelling and Grammar lessons. For examples see the following:</p> <p>Grammar: Nouns; Pronouns; Verbs; Adjectives; Active and Passive Voice; Punctuation; Capitalization; Usage.</p> <p>Spelling: Long Vowels; Schwas; Silent Consonants; Compound Words; Plurals; Possessives; Abbreviations</p>
<p>a. Use parallel structure.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> Grammar: Punctuation 5C: Grammar Tutorial 22: Parallelism</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
b. Use various types of phrases (noun, verb, adjectival, adverbial, participial, prepositional, and absolute) and clauses (independent, dependent; noun, relative, adverbial) to convey specific meanings and add variety and interest to writing or presentations.	<p><b>TA:</b> Grammar: Grammar Study Plan 3C: Prepositional Phrases; Sentence Structure: Grammar Study Plan 4C: Clauses; Grammar Study Plan 3B: Prepositional Phrases</p> <p>In additions see the editing step in all writing process activities.</p> <p>Narrative Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C: Editing            Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C: Editing            Argumentative Writing: Argumentative Essay A, B, C: Editing</p>
9-10.L.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.	<p><b>TA:</b> Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Smart Search: Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C</p> <p>In addition, over the course of 30 weeks, the teacher application includes Spelling and Grammar lessons. For examples see the following:</p> <p>Grammar: Nouns; Pronouns; Adverbs; Verbs; Adjectives; Possessives; Conjunctions; Punctuation; Capitalization; Usage.</p> <p>Spelling: Long Vowels; Schwas; Silent Consonants; Syllable Patterns; Inflected Endings; Plurals; Compound Words; Inflected Endings; Homophones; Words from Many Cultures; Possessives; Abbreviations; Related Words</p>
a. Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses.	<b>TA:</b> Grammar: Punctuation 5C: Grammar Tutorial 22: Semicolons and Colons
b. Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.	<b>TA:</b> Grammar: Punctuation 5C: Grammar Tutorial 22: Semicolons and Colons

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
c. Use correct spelling.	<p><b>TA:</b> Over the course of 30 weeks, the teacher application includes Spelling and Grammar lessons. For examples see the following:</p> <p>Spelling: Long Vowels; Schwas; Silent Consonants; Syllable Patterns; Inflected Endings; Plurals; Compound Words; Inflected Endings; Homophones; Words from Many Cultures; Possessives; Abbreviations; Related Words</p> <p>In additions see the editing step in all writing process activities.</p> <p>Narrative Writing: Narrative Essay A, B, C: Editing            Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C: Editing            Argumentative Writing: Argumentative Essay A, B, C: Editing</p>
<b>Knowledge of Language</b>	
9-10.L.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.	<p><b>TA:</b> <u>Library Response Prompt (examples)</u>            Prompt 4: Choose and Describe a Sensory Detail            Prompt 16: Choose and Describe a Sensory Detail</p> <p><u>Smart Search: Vocabulary (examples)</u>            Acquire Vocabulary; Context Clues; Synonyms; Antonyms; Base Words; Shades of Meaning; Word Associations; Related Words</p>
a. Write and edit work so that it conforms to the guidelines in a style manual.	<p><b>TA:</b> Teachers can use the following activities to complete this objective.</p> <p>Explanatory/ Informative Writing: Explanatory Essay A, B, C</p>



**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<b>Vocabulary Acquisition and Use</b>	
9-10.L.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	<p><b>SA:</b> The Student Notebook includes tab for a student generated Word Bank.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> <i>iLit 20</i> also offers Word Study instruction for students who need it. Vocabulary lessons are offered during all 30 weeks of the iLit 20 program. Word Study Practice and Word Study Readers reinforce decoding and fluency skills, and help build a foundation for effective reading comprehension.</p> <p><u>Smart Search: Vocabulary (examples)</u> Acquire Vocabulary; Context Clues; Synonyms; Antonyms; Base Words; Shades of Meaning; Multiple-Meaning Words; Analogies; Related Words</p> <p><u>Word Study Readers (examples)</u> Week 15: Heat and Energy; Money; Comics and Animation Week 21: Science Fiction; The Internet; The Secrets of Caves</p> <p><u>Word Study Practice (examples)</u> Week 4: Compound Words; Possessives Week 14: Multiple-Meaning Words; Synonyms</p>
a. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy).	<p><b>TA:</b> <u>Smart Search: Vocabulary (examples)</u> Acquire Vocabulary; Shades of Meaning; Word Associations; Related Words: Meaning Relationships; Word Families</p>
b. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word’s position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.	<p><b>TA:</b> <i>iLit 20</i> also offers Word Study instruction for students who need it. Vocabulary lessons are offered during all 30 weeks of the iLit 20 program. Throughout the Interactive Readers and Word Study Readers students use a variety of vocabulary activities, including context, to determine word meaning.</p> <p><u>Smart Search: Vocabulary (examples)</u> Context Clues</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

<b>Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards</b>	<b>iLit 20 Grade 10</b>
c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, or its etymology.	<p><b>TA:</b> Teachers encourage students to use reference materials to identify the meaning of unknown words.</p> <p><u>Library</u> Dictionary of Geographic Terms Dictionary of Forces, Matter, and Energy</p>
d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.	<p><b>TA:</b> <i>iLit 20</i> also offers Word Study instruction for students who need it. Vocabulary lessons are offered during all 30 weeks of the iLit 20 program. Throughout the Interactive Readers and Word Study Readers students use a variety of vocabulary activities, including context, to determine word meaning.</p> <p><u>Smart Search: Vocabulary (examples)</u> Context Clues</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<p>9-10.L.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> For related material see the following:  <u>Library Response Prompt (examples)</u>            Prompt 4: Choose and Describe a Sensory Detail            Prompt 15: What Emotion Did You Feel When Reading?            Prompt 16: Choose and Describe a Sensory Detail</p> <p><u>Vocabulary (examples)</u>            Acquire Vocabulary; Shades of Meaning; Word Associations; Related Words: Meaning Relationships; Word Families</p> <p>In addition, the Library contains a vast collection of titles that can be used to supplement this objective. See the following:</p> <p><i>Romeo and Juliet</i>  <i>Antigone</i>  <i>A Midsummer Night’s Dream</i>  <i>Macbeth</i>  <i>“But Since You Finally Asked”</i>  <i>“All Good People”</i></p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<p>a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., euphemism, oxymoron) in context and analyze their role in the text.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> For related material see the following:</p> <p><u>Smart Search: Vocabulary (examples)</u> Shades of Meaning</p> <p><u>Library Response Prompt (examples)</u> Prompt 4: Choose and Describe a Sensory Detail Prompt 15: What Emotion Did You Feel When Reading? Prompt 16: Choose and Describe a Sensory Detail</p> <p>In addition, the Library contains a vast collection of titles that can be used to supplement this objective. See the following:</p> <p><i>Romeo and Juliet</i> <i>Antigone</i> <i>A Midsummer Night’s Dream</i> <i>Macbeth</i> <i>“But Since You Finally Asked”</i> <i>“All Good People”</i></p>
<p>b. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.</p>	<p><b>TA:</b> <u>Smart Search: Vocabulary (examples)</u> Shades of Meaning</p>

**A Correlation of iLit 20 ©2017, Grade 10  
To Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards (2016)**

Arizona’s English Language Arts Standards	iLit 20 Grade 10
<p>9-10.L.6 Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.</p>	<p><b>SA:</b> The Student Notebook includes tab for a student generated Word Bank.</p> <p><b>TA:</b> <i>iLit 20</i> also offers Word Study instruction for students who need it. Vocabulary lessons are offered during all 30 weeks of the iLit 20 program. Word Study Practice and Word Study Readers reinforce decoding and fluency skills, and help build a foundation for effective reading comprehension.</p> <p><u>Smart Search: Vocabulary (examples)</u> Acquire Vocabulary; Context Clues; Synonyms; Antonyms; Shades of Meaning; Multiple-Meaning Words; Analogies; Related Words</p> <p><u>Word Study Practice (examples)</u> Week 23: Homonyms; Influence of Spanish on English Week 28: Compound Words; Connotations</p>